The Revenue Impact of Corporate Tax Incentives

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the professional organization that establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting for state and local governments. In 2015, GASB added "Statement No. 77 on Tax Abatement Disclosures" to its Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). GASB 77 requires most state and local governments (including school districts) to report tax abatement programs (if they have such a program/s) in their annual comprehensive financial reports (ACFRs), specifying the **amount of revenue reduced or foregone** as a result of these tax abatements programs. This new rule, GASB 77, allows the public to see how much money for public services is lost to tax breaks given to corporations. This fact sheet summarizes that foregone revenue for the five most populous cities, counties, and school districts (where available) and the state itself in Iowa.

Between fiscal Years 2017 and 2021, the State of Iowa and its five largest cities, counties, and school districts **lost nearly \$930 million** due to economic development tax breaks – more than the state spent on transportation, agriculture, and economic development combined in 2021 (\$816 million). The tables below represents **only** the five most populous cities, counties, school districts, and the state itself. The statewide total is presumably much higher. The spending trend is up: over the five years revenue losses grew from \$164,143,474 to \$193,053,324 — a jump of 18%.

Forgone Tax Revenue, Five Most Populous School Districts in Iowa							
	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		
Cedar Rapids Community School District	\$514,349	\$593,797	\$53,530	\$965,903	\$1,574,339		
Davenport Community School District	\$97,711	\$358,376	\$568,396	\$370,116	\$574,758		
Des Moines Independent Community School District	\$2,669,220	\$3,189,109	\$3,632,376	\$4,214,865	\$16,879,701		
Iowa City Community School District	\$302,777	\$431,976	\$616,095	\$931,395	\$849,348		
Sioux City Community School District	\$53,082	\$33,933	\$168,042	\$136,144	\$182,390		
Annual Total	\$3,637,139	\$4,607,191	\$5,038,439	\$6,618,423	\$20,060,536		

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Selected School Districts Five-Year Total: \$39,961,728

Forgone Tax Revenue, Five Most Populous Cities, Counties and State of Iowa							
	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		
City of Ankeny	\$213,730	\$318,526	\$360,099	\$420,555	\$416,161		
City of Cedar Rapids	\$2,395,726	\$898,185	\$2,507,180	\$4,096,213	\$4,627,091		
City of Davenport	\$1,915,000	\$3,287,000	\$3,016,000	\$3,182,000	\$3,924,001		
City of Des Moines	\$10,493,332	\$4,000,692	\$4,681,243	\$5,428,704	\$6,202,225		
City of Sioux City	\$613,361	\$498,166	\$1,061,618	\$898,228	\$2,381,778		
Black Hawk County	\$331,965	\$416,237	\$94,638	\$726,833	\$606,900		
Johnson County	\$490,094	\$602,805	\$493,549	\$781,032	\$767,580		
Linn County	\$1,064,809	\$1,199,252	\$1,384,013	\$1,922,827	\$2,372,980		
Polk County	\$3,691,970	\$4,397,860	\$4,667,864	\$8,436,290	\$10,220,933		
Scott County	\$1,664,348	\$1,205,122	\$1,564,388	\$1,774,256	\$1,849,139		
State of Iowa	\$137,632,000	\$171,299,000	\$157,763,000	\$162,782,000	\$139,624,000		
Annual Total	\$160,506,335	\$188,122,845	\$177,593,592	\$190,448,938	\$172,992,788		

Selected Cities, Counties, and State Five-Year Total: \$889,664,498

Selected School Districts, Cities, Counties, and State 5-Year Total Forgone Revenue: \$929,626,226

Source: Annual Comprehensive Financial Reports for the reported jurisdictions

During this five-year period some jurisdictions increased the amount of forgone tax revenue from economic development tax abatements significantly. Many of these abatements are in the form of Tax Increment Financing (TIF) agreements, which capture the increase in property taxes, and sometimes other taxes, resulting from new development, and divert that revenue to subsidize the development.

Key findings:

- From 2017 through 2021: All school districts analyzed increased revenue losses by over 180%. Notably:
 - The Des Moines Independent Community School District's revenue losses grew the most, increasing 532% over the five-year period
- Revenue losses for **Sioux City increased by 288%**, including \$14.9 million in TIF.
- All of the revenue losses reported by the Iowa counties were passive losses meaning taxes abated by other jurisdictions. These passive losses totaled \$52.8 million.

Again: these findings are only from a handful of Iowa cities, counties, and school districts. The state has a total of 946 municipalities, 99 counties, and 327 school districts.

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